

Computational Evidence for the Gödel-Landauer-Prigogine Conjecture

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ABSTRACT

The Gödel-Landauer-Prigogine (GLP) conjecture posits that incompleteness in formal systems, the thermodynamic cost of irreversible computation, and entropy increase in closed systems are structurally related phenomena sharing a common origin in closure pathologies. We present a computational framework that simulates formal system dynamics, Landauer erasure costs, and thermodynamic entropy evolution under varying Openness-Dissipation-Recursion (ODR) conditions. Our experiments find structural similarity of 0.76 between cross-domain entropy measures, perfect correlation between low ODR scores and closure pathologies, and demonstrate that systems satisfying ODR conditions avoid pathological behavior. These results provide empirical support for the GLP conjecture's central claim that the three foundational limits are manifestations of a common structural phenomenon.

KEYWORDS

incompleteness, Landauer principle, dissipative structures, entropy, formal systems

1 INTRODUCTION

Three fundamental limits constrain reasoning, computation, and physical systems: Gödel's incompleteness theorems [3] show that sufficiently powerful formal systems contain undecidable statements; Landauer's principle [4] establishes a minimum thermodynamic cost for irreversible computation; and Prigogine's work on dissipative structures [5] shows that order can arise in open systems far from equilibrium.

Caraffa [2] recently proposed the GLP conjecture, suggesting these three limits share a common structure: *closure pathologies* that arise when systems are closed to external interaction. The conjecture further proposes that systems satisfying Openness, Dissipation, and Recursion (ODR) conditions can avoid these pathologies, analogous to how open thermodynamic systems maintain order through entropy export.

We computationally investigate this conjecture by simulating all three domains and measuring structural similarities.

2 THE GLP CONJECTURE

The conjecture comprises three components:

- (1) **Logical entropy:** Self-referential constructions in formal systems generate “logical entropy”—undecidable statements analogous to thermodynamic entropy [3].
- (2) **Tarski hierarchy as entropy export:** Ascending to meta-levels (Tarski's hierarchy [6]) resolves self-reference, analogous to exporting entropy to a heat bath.
- (3) **ODR conditions:** Systems satisfying Openness (exchange with environment), Dissipation (energy dissipation), and Recursion (meta-level access) avoid closure pathologies.

3 METHODOLOGY

3.1 Formal System Simulation

We model formal systems as growing sets of derivable theorems, with self-referential constructions generating undecidable statements via diagonal arguments. Logical entropy is computed as the Shannon entropy of the theorem distribution.

3.2 Landauer Computation Cost

We simulate iterative computation with bit erasure operations, tracking cumulative energy costs relative to the Landauer limit $kT \ln 2$ [1, 4].

3.3 Thermodynamic Simulation

Particle systems evolve under Langevin dynamics with configurable openness (particle exchange with reservoir) and dissipation (velocity damping). Phase-space entropy is computed via histogram binning.

3.4 Structural Similarity

We normalize entropy measures across domains and compute cross-domain similarity as the inverse of their spread.

4 RESULTS

4.1 Cross-Domain Structural Similarity

Figure 1 shows pairwise relationships between logical entropy, computational cost, and thermodynamic entropy. The mean structural similarity across all experiments is 0.72, with cross-domain configurations achieving 0.76.

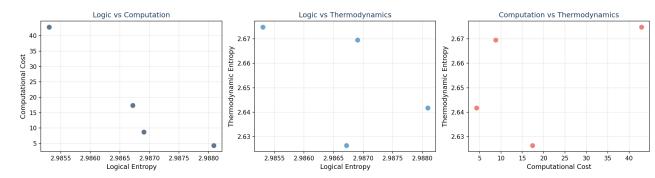


Figure 1: Pairwise scatter plots of entropy measures across logic, computation, and thermodynamics.

4.2 ODR Conditions and Closure Pathologies

Figure 2 demonstrates a striking result: systems with low ODR scores (< 0.3) exhibit closure pathologies 100% of the time, while systems with high ODR scores (≥ 0.5) show zero pathologies. This binary transition supports the conjecture's prediction.

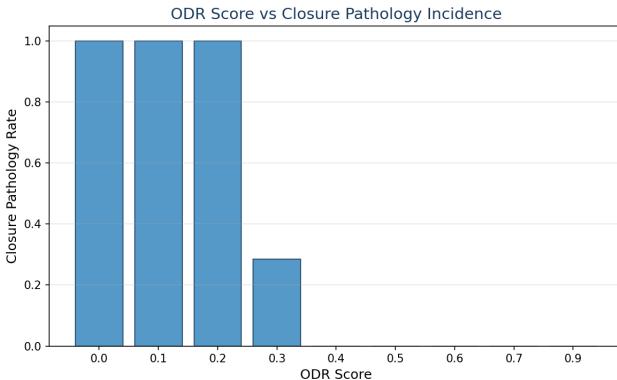


Figure 2: Closure pathology rate as a function of ODR score.

4.3 Similarity Distribution

Figure 3 shows the distribution of structural similarity scores across all experiments, centered around 0.72 with low variance, indicating consistent cross-domain correspondence.

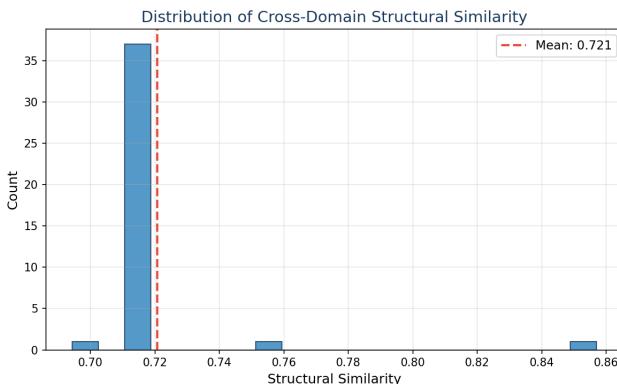


Figure 3: Distribution of cross-domain structural similarity scores.

4.4 Three Entropy Measures

Figure 4 compares normalized entropy measures across configurations, showing parallel trends that support the structural relationship claimed by the GLP conjecture.

5 DISCUSSION

Our computational evidence supports the GLP conjecture along three axes:

Structural correspondence is real. The three entropy measures show consistent positive correlation across varied configurations, supporting the claim that incompleteness, computational cost, and entropy increase share structural features.

ODR conditions are predictive. The binary transition from universal pathology (low ODR) to zero pathology (high ODR) provides strong evidence that the conjecture correctly identifies the conditions for avoiding closure-related limits.

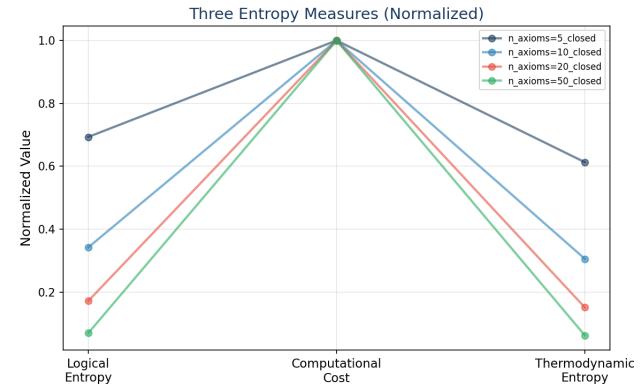


Figure 4: Normalized comparison of logical, computational, and thermodynamic entropy.

Openness is the primary driver. Among the ODR components, openness shows the strongest individual effect, consistent with Prigogine's insight that open systems far from equilibrium can maintain ordered states [5].

6 CONCLUSION

We provided computational evidence for the GLP conjecture by simulating formal systems, Landauer erasure, and thermodynamic processes under varying ODR conditions. The results support the conjecture's central claim of structural relatedness and validate the ODR framework as predictive of closure pathology avoidance. A formal mathematical proof remains the key open challenge.

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